

SYSTEMIC CHANGE MATRIX: DISRUPTING & PREVENTING HUMAN TRAFFICKING

Human trafficking is made possible and profitable by numerous unwitting partners in both public systems and private business. A strategic approach to ending human trafficking includes understanding the ways each of these systems enables or intersects with traffickers and victims. This matrix depicts the **25 major types of human trafficking in the United States**, cross-referenced with eight highlighted systems and industries, each of which can be activated to help disrupt and prevent the crime in unique and impactful ways.

	Financial Services Industry	Hotels & Motels	Housing & Homelessness Systems	Social Media	Temporary Work Visas	Transportation	Business Regulatory Systems	Health Care
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Escort Services	•	•	•	•		•		•
Illicit Massage Businesses	•		•	•	•	•		
Outdoor Solicitation		•	•	•		•		•
Residential Sex Trafficking			•			•		
Domestic Work	•		•		•	•		•
Bars, Strip Clubs, & Cantinas	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
Pornography	•			•		•	•	•
Traveling Sales Crews	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
Restaurants & Food Service	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
Peddling & Begging			•					
Agriculture & Animal Husbandry	•			•	•	•	•	•
Personal Sexual Servitude			•	•				•
Health & Beauty Services	•		•		•	•	•	•
Construction	•		•		•		•	•
Hospitality	•	•			•		•	
Landscaping	•				•	•	•	•
Illicit Activities	•		•			•		•
Arts, Sports, & Entertainment	•			•	•	•	•	•
Commercial Cleaning Services	•	•	•		•		•	
Factories & Manufacturing	•		•		•		•	•
Remote Interactive Sexual Acts	•		•	•				
Carnivals	•				•	•	•	•
Forestry & Logging	•				•	•	•	•
Health Care	•		•		•		•	•
Recreational Facilities	•	•			•		•	